

Online Safety/E-safety Policy

St Thomas More's Catholic Primary School

St Thomas More's is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people and expects all staff and volunteers to share this commitment.

Introduction

The resources used by pupils in St Thomas More's Catholic Primary School are carefully chosen by the teacher and determined by curriculum policies. Use of the Internet, by its nature, will provide access to information, which has sometimes not been selected by the teacher. Whilst pupils will often be directed to sites which provide reviewed and evaluated sources, at times they will be able to move beyond these sites that are unfamiliar to the teacher. There is therefore the possibility that a pupil may access unsuitable material either accidentally or deliberately.

What is the aim of the Online/E-Safety Policy?

The purpose of this policy is to:

- Establish the ground rules we have in school for using the Internet.
- Describe how these fit into the wider context of our behaviour and PHSE policies.
- Demonstrate the methods used to protect the children from sites containing unsuitable material.

The school believes that the benefits to pupils from access to the resources of the Internet far exceed the disadvantages. Ultimately the responsibility for setting and conveying the standards that children are expected to follow, when using media and information resources, is one the school shares with parents and guardians.

At St Thomas More's Catholic Primary we feel that the best recipe for success lies in a combination of site-filtering, of supervision and by fostering a responsible attitude in our pupils in partnership with parents.

Teaching and Learning

Why is Internet use important?

- We use the internet for a number of reasons:
- Internet use is part of the statutory curriculum and a necessary tool for learning.
- The Internet is a part of everyday life for education, business and social interaction.
- The school has a duty to provide students with quality Internet access as part of their learning experience.
- Pupils use the Internet widely outside school and need to learn how to evaluate Internet information and to take care of their own personal safety and security whilst online.
- The purpose of Internet use in school is to raise educational standards, to promote pupil achievement, to support the professional work of staff and to enhance the school's management functions.

Benefits of using the Internet in education include:

- Access to worldwide educational resources;
- Access to experts in many fields for pupils and staff;
- Professional development for staff through access to national developments, educational materials and effective curriculum practice;
- Collaboration across networks of schools, support services and professional associations;
- Improved access to technical support including remote management of networks and automatic system updates;
- Exchange of curriculum and administration data with Local Authority and DFE;
- Access to learning wherever and whenever convenient.

How can Internet use enhance learning?

- The school's Internet access will be designed to enhance and extend education.
- Pupils will be taught what Internet use is acceptable and what is not and given clear objectives for Internet use.

- The schools will ensure that the copying and subsequent use of Internet derived materials by staff and pupils complies with copyright law. Access levels will be reviewed to reflect the curriculum requirements and age of pupils.
- Staff should guide pupils to online activities that will support the learning outcomes planned for the pupils' age and maturity.
- Pupils will be educated in the effective use of the Internet in research, including the skills of knowledge location, retrieval and evaluation.
- Pupils will be taught to acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright when using Internet material in their own work.

How will pupils learn how to evaluate Internet content?

- Because the quality of information received via radio, newspaper and telephone is variable and information received via the Internet, email or text message requires even better information handling and digital literacy skills.
- In particular it may be difficult to determine origin, intent and accuracy, as the contextual clues may be missing or difficult to read. Pupils should be made aware of the materials they read and shown how to validate information before accepting its accuracy.
- The evaluation of online materials is a part of teaching and learning in every subject.

Managing Information Systems

How will information systems security be maintained?

We are an HSS school so our information systems security are regularly maintained and updated by Hants IT services.

- Virus protection will be updated regularly.
- Personal data sent over the Internet will be encrypted.
- Portable media may not be used without specific permission followed by a virus check.
- Unapproved software will not be allowed in pupils' work areas or attached to email.

How will email be managed?

- Access in school to external personal email accounts may be blocked.
- The forwarding of chain messages is not permitted.

- Staff should only use school email accounts to communicate with pupils as approved by the Senior Leadership Team.

How will published content be managed?

- Publication of information should be considered from a personal and school security viewpoint.
- The contact details on the website should be the school address, email and telephone number. Staff or pupils' personal information must not be published.
- The Head Teacher will take overall editorial responsibility and ensure that content is accurate and appropriate and editorial guidance will help reflect the school's requirements for accuracy and good presentation.
- The website will comply with current guidelines for publications including respect for intellectual property rights and copyright.

Can pupil's images or work be published?

- Still and moving images and sounds add liveliness and interest to a website, particularly when pupils can be included. Nevertheless the security of staff and pupils is paramount.
- Although common in newspapers, the publishing of pupils' names with their images is not acceptable. Published images could be reused, particularly if large images of individual pupils are shown.
- Images of a pupil will be published unless parents request otherwise. Pupils also need to be taught the reasons for caution in publishing personal information and images online.
- Pupils' full names will not be used anywhere on the website in association with a photograph.

How will social networking, social media and personal publishing be managed?

- Parents and teachers need to be aware that the Internet has emerging online spaces and social networks which allow individuals to publish unmediated content.
- Social networking sites can connect people with similar or even very different interests. Users can be invited to view personal spaces and leave comments, over which there may be limited control.

- Although primary age pupils should not use Facebook, Instagram, Snapchat or similar sites, pupils should be encouraged to think about the ease of uploading personal information, the associated dangers and the difficulty of removing an inappropriate image or information once published.
- No member of staff should use social networking sites or personal publishing sites to communicate with students, past or present.
- Staff need to be aware of the importance of considering the material they post, ensuring profiles are secured and how publishing unsuitable material may affect their professional status. Examples include: blogs, wikis, social networking, forums, bulletin boards, multiplayer online gaming, chatrooms, instant messenger and many others.
- The school will control access to social media and social networking sites.
- Pupils will be advised never to give out personal details of any kind which may identify them and / or their location. Examples would include real name, address, mobile or landline phone numbers, school attended, IM and email addresses, full names of friends/family, specific interests and clubs etc.
- Staff are advised not to run social network spaces for pupil use on a personal basis.
- Pupils are advised not to publish specific and detailed private thoughts, especially those that may be considered threatening, hurtful or defamatory.

How will filtering be managed?

- The school will work with Hants IT to ensure that systems to protect pupils are reviewed and improved.
- If staff or pupils discover unsuitable sites, the URL must be reported to the Computing co-ordinator or a senior member of staff.
- The school's broadband access includes filtering appropriate to the age and maturity of pupils.
- Any material that staff believe is illegal must be reported to the Head teacher or a senior member of staff who will inform the appropriate agencies.
- We keep up to date with new technologies, including those relating to mobile phones and handheld devices, and are ready to develop appropriate strategies.
- There are dangers for staff however if personal phones are used to contact pupils or families and therefore this will only be done when authorized by a senior member of staff.

- Abusive messages should be dealt with under the school's behaviour and anti-bullying policy.
- Emerging technologies will be examined for educational benefit and the Head teacher in consultation with staff will give permission for appropriate use.
- Mobile phones will not be used during lessons or formal school time. The sending of abusive or inappropriate text, picture or video messages is forbidden.

#

How should personal data be protected?

The quantity and variety of data held on pupils, families and on staff is expanding quickly. While this data can be very useful in improving services, data could be mishandled, stolen or misused. The Data Protection Act 1998 ("the Act") gives individuals the right to know what information is held about them and provides a framework to ensure that personal information is handled properly. It promotes openness in the use of personal information. Under the Act every organisation that processes personal information (personal data) must notify the Information Commissioner's Office, unless they are exempt. The Data Protection Act 1998 applies to anyone who handles or has access to information concerning individuals. Everyone in the workplace has a legal duty to protect the privacy of information relating to individuals.

The Act sets standards (eight data protection principles), which must be satisfied when processing personal data (information that will identify a living individual). The Act also gives rights to the people the information is about i.e. subject access rights lets individuals find out what information is held about them.

The eight principles are that personal data must be:

- Processed fairly and lawfully
- Processed for specified purposes
- Adequate, relevant and not excessive
- Accurate and up-to-date
- Held no longer than is necessary
- Processed in line with individual's rights
- Kept secure
- Transferred only to other countries with suitable security measures.

This section is a reminder that all data from which people can be identified is protected. Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 1998.

Policy Decisions

How will Internet access be authorised?

- We allocate Internet access for staff and pupils on the basis of educational need.
- Authorisation is as individuals and usage for pupils is fully supervised.
- Normally all pupils will be granted Internet access.

How will risks be assessed?

- St Thomas More's Catholic Primary School will take all reasonable precautions to ensure that users access only appropriate material. However, due to the global and connected nature of Internet content, it is not possible to guarantee that access to unsuitable material will never occur via a school computer. Neither the school nor Hampshire LA can accept liability for the material accessed, or any consequences resulting from Internet use.
- The use of computer systems without permission or for inappropriate purposes could constitute a criminal offence under the Computer Misuse Act 1990. Methods to identify, assess and minimise risks will be reviewed regularly and after every breach of this policy.

How will misuse of the internet at St Thomas More's Catholic Primary School be addressed?

Misuse of the internet will not be tolerated at St. Thomas More's Catholic Primary School. In the first instance, the class teacher should deal with any misuse of the Internet with the child and inform parents. However, the incident must always be reported to the Computing Manager and recorded in writing to provide a record. Should there be any concerns over the type of material accessed; the matter should immediately be reported to the Head teacher who will ensure that appropriate action is taken. The sanctions imposed will reflect the severity of the incident. Pupils must report accidental access to inappropriate material immediately to their teacher, who will inform the Computing manager.

How will Online/E–Safety complaints be handled?

- Complaints of Internet misuse will be dealt with under the School’s Complaints Procedure.
- Any complaint about staff misuse must be referred to the Head teacher. If the complaint is about the Head teacher this should be reported to the Chair of Governors.
- All Online/e–Safety complaints and incidents will be recorded by the school — including any actions taken.
- Pupils and parents will be informed of the complaints procedure. Parents and pupils will work in partnership with staff to resolve issues.
- Discussions will be held with the local Police Safer Schools Partnership Coordinators and/or Children’s Safeguards Unit to establish procedures for handling potentially illegal issues.
- Any issues (including sanctions) will be dealt with according to the school’s disciplinary and child protection procedures.

How is the Internet used across the community?

- We recognise that children can access the internet outside of school and offer support through online/ e –safety teaching in school and advice to parents on internet safety.
- The school will be sensitive to Internet related issues experienced by pupils out of school, e.g. social networking sites, and offer appropriate advice.
- Pupils will be advised not to place personal photos on any social network space. They should consider how public the information is and consider using private areas. Advice should be given regarding background detail in a photograph which could identify the student or his/her location.

How will Cyberbullying/Online bullying be managed?

- Cyberbullying/Online Bullying is defined as “The use of Information Communication Technology, particularly mobile phones and the internet to deliberately hurt or upset someone” DCSF 2007.
- It is essential that pupils, St Thomas More’s Catholic Primary School staff and parents and carers understand how cyberbullying is different from other forms of bullying, how it can affect people and how to respond and combat misuse.
- Promoting a culture of confident users will support innovation and safety.

- Cyberbullying/Online bullying (along with all forms of bullying) will not be tolerated in school. All incidents of cyberbullying/online bullying reported to the school will be recorded.
- There are clear procedures in place to investigate incidents or allegations of bullying:
- Pupils, staff and parents/carers will be advised to keep a record of the bullying as evidence.
- The school will take steps to identify bullying behaviour, where appropriate, such as examining system logs, identifying and interviewing possible witnesses, and contacting the service provider and the police, if necessary.

Sanctions for those involved in Cyberbullying may include:

- The perpetrator will be asked to remove any material deemed to be inappropriate or offensive.
- A service provider may be contacted to remove content.
- Internet access may be suspended at school for the user for a period of time.
- Parent/carers will be informed and the Police will be contacted if a criminal offence is suspected.

Communicating the Policy

How will the policy be introduced to pupils?

- At St Thomas More's Catholic Primary School we teach about Online safety/ e-Safety as a Part of the Computing curriculum and as part of every subject whenever pupils are using the internet.
- Pupil instruction in responsible and safe use should precede Internet access every time they go online.
- Safe and responsible use of the internet and technology will be reinforced across the curriculum. Particular attention will be given where pupils are considered to be vulnerable.
- Children will have their own set of Acceptable Use rules which will be displayed in classrooms and the computing suite and be referred to whenever children are online.

How will the policy be discussed with staff?

- The Online safety/e-Safety Policy will be formally provided to and discussed with all members of staff and published on the school website.

- To protect all staff and pupils, the school will implement Acceptable Use Policy. Staff should be aware that Internet traffic can be monitored and traced to the individual user; discretion and professional conduct is essential.

- Staff training in safe and responsible Internet use both professionally and personally will be provided, both internally and externally.

How will parents' support be enlisted?

- Parents' attention will be drawn to the School e-Safety Policy in newsletters.

- A partnership approach with parents will be encouraged. This could include parent meetings with demonstrations and suggestions for safe home Internet use.

- Advice on filtering systems and educational and leisure activities that include responsible use of the Internet will be made available to parents.

Approved: Oct 2017

Review Annually

Review date: Oct 2018

